



**DIAMOND HARBOUR WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY (DHWU)**

**Political Science Syllabus- 2020**

CBCS

**SEMESTER-I**

**Academic Year – First, July-December**

Course Code	Paper name	Module	Marks			Credit	Class Hours/Week	Total Class Hours
			Semester End Exam	Internal assessment	Total			
POL/Th/1S/CC/101	WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT	101	40	10	50	5	5	75
POL/Th/1S/CC/102	POLITICAL THOUGHT IN MODERN INDIA	102	40	10	50	5	5	75
POL/Th/1S/CC/103	INDIAN POLITY AND GOVERNANCE-I	103	40	10	50	5	5	75
POL/Th/1S/CC/104	INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS-I	104	40	10	50	5	5	75
POL/Th/1S/CC/105	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION-I	105	40	10	50	5	5	75
			<b>Total Marks - 250</b>			<b>25</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>375</b>

Note: All papers would contain 40 marks for written exam and 10 marks for internal assessment. Internal assessment can be made in the form of term paper, viva, assignments, seminar presentation, field work, outreach activities and mid-semester test.

**(POL- Political Science, CC-Core Course; Th-Theory)**

## SEMESTER-II

Academic Year – First, January to June

Course Code	Paper name	Module	Marks			Credit	Class Hours/Week	Total Class Hours
			Semester End Exam	Internal assessment	Total			
POL/Th/2S/CC/201	POLITICAL THEORY-I	201	40	10	50	5	5	75
POL/Th/2S/CC/202	CONSTITUTIONAL POLITICS IN INDIA	202	40	10	50	5	5	75
POL/Th/2S/CC/203	INDIAN POLITY AND GOVERNANCE-II	203	40	10	50	5	5	75
POL/Th/2S/CC/204	INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS-II	204	40	10	50	5	5	75
POL/Th/2S/CC/205	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION-II	205	40	10	50	5	5	75
			Total Marks - 250			25	25	375

Note: All papers would contain 40 marks for written exam and 10 marks for internal assessment. Internal assessment can be made in the form of term paper, viva, assignments, seminar presentation, field work, outreach activities and mid-semester test.

**(POL- Political Science); CC-Core Course; Th-Theory)**

**SEMESTER-III****Academic Year – Second, July-December**

Course Code	Paper name	Module	Marks		Credit		Class Hours/Week	Total Class Hours
			Semester End Exam	Internal assessment	Total			
POL/Th/3S/CC/301	POLITICAL THEORY-II	301	40	10	50	5	5	75
POL/Th/3S/CC/302	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY-I	302	40	10	50	5	5	75
POL/Th/3S/CE/303	POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY	303	40	10	50	5	5	75
POL/Th/3S/CE/304	INDIAN FOREIGN POLICY: ISSUES AND CHALLENGES	304	40	10	50	5	5	75
POL/Th/3S/OE/305	GENDER STUDIES	305	40	10	50	5	5	75
POL/Th/3S/OE/306	HUMAN RIGHTS	306	40	10	50	5	5	75
			Total Marks - 300			30	30	425

Note: All papers would contain 40 marks for written exam and 10 marks for internal assessment. Internal assessment can be made in the form of term paper, viva, assignments, seminar presentation, field work, outreach activities and mid-semester test.

**(POL- Political Science); OE- Open Elective,CE-Core Elective CC-Core Course; Th-Theory)**

## SEMESTER-IV

### Academic Year – Second, January to June

Course Code	Paper name	Paper Type	Marks		Credit	Class Hours/ week	Total Class Hours
			Semester End Examination	Internal Assessment			
POL/Th/4S/CC/401 CORE	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY- II	Theory	40	10	5	5	75
POL/Th/4S/CE/402	COMPARATIVE POLITICS & GOVERNANCE	Theory	40	10	5	5	75
POL/Th/4S/CE/403	MEDIA STUDIES		40	10	5	5	75
POL/Th/4S/CE/404	POLITICS IN WEST BENGAL		40	10	5	5	75
POL/Th/4S/DIS/405	DISSERTATION	Theory +	40	10(Viva voce)	5	5	75
		Dissertation					
					25	25	

Note: All papers would contain 40 marks for written exam and 10 marks for internal assessment. Internal assessment can be made in the form of term paper, viva, assignments, seminar presentation, field work, outreach activities and mid-semester test. **(POL- Political Science); CE- Core Elective; DIS-Dissertation, CC-Core Course; Th-Theory)**

In the First Semester , students will be offered 5 papers (core-4, value added-1) • In the Second Semester , students will be offered 5 papers (core-4, value added-1) • In the Third Semester, students will be offered 5 papers (core-2, elective-2, value added-1). Open course is made available to the students of the Department of Political Science as well as other departments. Value added paper is open to all students. • In the Fourth Semester, students will be offered 5 papers (core-2, elective-2, value added-1). Open course is made available to the students of the Department of Political Science as well as other departments. Value added paper is open to all students.

## WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT

### PAPER- 101

#### MODULE-I

##### Section-1

1. Greek Political Thought
2. Plato: Justice, Communism
3. Aristotle: Ethics and Politics, Methods, Social Structure and Reforms, Revolution, Constitutionalism and Authority.
4. St. Thomas Aquinas: Rule of Law
5. Machiavelli: Creation of Power theory-based policy science

#### MODULE-II

1. Hobbes: The beginning of Science of Politics, Individualism, Democracy out of Social Contract.
2. Locke: Classical Liberalism
3. Rousseau: Origin of Inequality, Sovereignty and the General Will, Popular Sovereignty and paradox of Freedom, Dictatorship and Totalitarianism
4. J.S. Mill: Liberty
5. Simone de Beauvoir: Patriarchy
6. Kant: Categorical Imperative, Enlightenment and Autonomy
7. Hegel: State, Civil Society and Recognition

#### References:

**Primary Reading:** Books Authored by Aristotle, Aquinas, Machiavelli, Rousseau, Hobbes, J.S. Mill (Relevant Topics)

#### Secondary Reading:

Ernest Barker, *The Political Philosophy of Plato and Aristotle*, Methuen & Co. Ltd., London, 1918.

George H. Sabine, *A History of Political Theory*, New York: Henry Holt and Company. 1937.

Andrew Hacker, *Political Theory: Philosophy, Ideology, Science*, Macmillan, Bombay, 1961

S. Mukhejee & S. Ramaswamy, *A History of Political Thought: From Plato to Marx*, Prentice Hall India, New Delhi, 2011

A.K. Mukhopadhyaya, *Western Political Thought: From Plato to Marx*, K.P. Bagchi, Kolkata  
Randhir Singh, *Reason and Revolution in Political Theory: Notes on Oakeshott's Rationalism in Politics*, People's Publishing House, 1967.

Ernst Cassirer, *The Myth of the State*, Yale University Press, New Haven, 1946. Dale

E. Miller, *John Stuart Mill: Moral, Social, and Political Thought*, Polity, 2010

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## POLITICAL THOUGHT IN MODERN INDIA

### PAPER- 102

#### MODULE-I

##### Section-1

- a) Raja Rammohan Roy: Social and Political reforms
- b) Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay: Nationalism
- c) Swami Vivekananda: Nation Building
- d) Rabindranath Tagore: Society and Nation

##### Section -2

- a) Gandhian Study

#### MODULE-II

##### Section A

- a) Mohammad Ali Jinnah & Iqbal: Nationalism and Islam
- b) Manabendra Nath Roy: Radical Humanism
- c) Jawaharlal Nehru: Modernity and Secularism
- d) Subhas Chandra Bose: State, Government and Economy
- e) Vinayak Damodar Savarkar & Golwalkar: Politics of Hindutva
- f) Jaya Prakash Narayan: Socialist Ideas
- g) Shyama Prasad Mukherjee: State and Nationalism
- h) Ram Manohar Lohia: Socialist thought
- i) Pandita Ramabai

##### Section B

a) Ambedkar and Dalit political thought

References:

**Primary Reading:** Books and Essays written by Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Rabindranath Tagore, Bankim Chandra, Swami Vivekananda, Gandhiji, Sir Syed Ahmed Khan, Shyamaprasad Mukherjee (relevant portions)

**Secondary Reading**

BB Majumdar, *History of Social and Political Thought: From Rammohan to Dayanand*, Bookland Private Ltd, Kolkata, 1967.

Bidyut Chakrabarty, Rajendra Kumar Pandey, *Modern Indian Political Thought: Text and Context*, Sage, New Delhi, 2010.

Thomas Pantham, Kenneth L Deutsch, (eds.), *Political Thought in Modern India*, Sage, New Delhi, 1986.

VR Mehta, *Foundations of Indian Political Thought: An Interpretation- From Manu to the Present Day*, Manohar, Delhi, 1996

Dennis Gilmore Dalton, **India's Idea of Freedom: Political Thought of Swami Vivekananda, Aurobindo Ghose, Mahatma Gandhi and Rabindranath Tagore**, Academic Press, Haryana, 1982.

V.P. Verma, *Modern Indian Political Thought*, Lakshmi Narayan Agarwal Education Publishers, Agra, 2005

**INDIAN POLITY & GOVERNANCE-I**

**PAPER- 103**

**MODULE-I**

Section-1

1. Indian State
2. Understanding Indian Democracy
3. Election in India

Section-2

1. Party system in India
2. Political Economy

## MODULE-I

### Section-1

1. Debates on Indian Nationalism

### Section -2

1. Debates on Indian Secularism

### References:

#### **Suggested Reading:**

Gail Omvedt, *Reinventing Revolution, New Social Movements and the Socialist Tradition in India*, East Gate, New York, 1993.

Sumit Sarkar, *Writing Social History*, OUP, New Delhi, 1998.

Lloyd Rudolph & Susanne Rudolph, *In Pursuit of Lakshmi: The Political Economy of Indian State*, Hyderabad: Orient Longman, 1987.

Pranab Bardhan, *The Political Economy of Development in India*, Blackwell, Oxford and New York, 1984.

Rahul Mukherjee (ed), *India's Economic Transition: The Politics of Reforms*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2007.

Sudipto Kaviraj, *Politics in India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1997.

Stanley Kochamek, *Business and Politics in India*, University of California Press, 1974.

Francine Frankel, *India's Political Economy 1947-2004*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2005, Second Edition.

Manoranjan Mohanty (ed), *Caste, Class, Gender*, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2004.

## Paper-104

### International Relations -I

#### Unit I Major Theories and Approaches

1. International Relations as a discipline – Relationship with Political Science - Realism and its Critiques
2. Scientific Approach to International Relations: The Debate between 'Tradition' and 'Science'
3. Approaches to the Political Economy of International Relations
4. Post- Positivist Interventions in the Study of International Relations: Normative Theory and Critical Theory, Constructivism, Postmodernism and Feminism



## Unit II Contemporary Issues

5. Evolution of the Postwar International Relations: Cold War, Détente, New Cold War, Post- Cold War Era and the Debate on Unipolarity - Post- Cold War Era and the 'Crisis' of the Sovereign State - Globalization and its Impact: From International Relations to World Politics
6. Human Rights and Humanitarian Interventions - Environmental Challenges – Climate Change and Environmental Disasters – Evolution of Environmental Regimes
7. Migration in the Age of Globalization – Refugees and IDPs – International Refugee Protection Regimes and UN Guiding Principles - Terrorism as a Global Challenge – 'War on Terror' and Global anti-Terror Initiatives -Security Threats in the Contemporary World: From national to human Security

### Essential Readings

Scott Burchill et al, *Theories of International Relations*, Palgrave Macmillan, New York, 2005.

Steve Smith et al, *International Theory: Positivism and Beyond*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1996.

Robert Cox, with T. Sinclair, *Approaches to World Order*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1996.

David A. Baldwin (ed.), *Neo- Realism and Neo- liberalism: The Contemporary Debate*, Columbia University Press, New York, 1993

R Gilpin, *Understanding the International Economic Order*, Princeton University Press, Princeton, 2001.

Alexander Wendt, *Social Theory of International Politics*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1999.

Rebecca Grant and Kathleen Newland, eds., *Gender and International Relations*, Indiana University Press, Bloomington, 1991.

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## Paper 105

### Public Administration-I

#### Module I

1. Early Theories of Public Administration:- Scientific Management, Classical Theory and Human Relations Theory
2. Max Weber's approach to bureaucracy
3. Comparative Administration- Ecological, Structural– Functional and Mixed Approaches

#### Module II

4. New Public Administration
5. Development Administration:- emergence nature and features.
6. Public Administration and Globalization.

### Primary Readings

Mohit Bhattacharya, *Public Administration*, World Press, Calcutta, 2011

Mohit Bhattacharya, *New Horizons of Public Administration*, Jawahar Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 2003

S. Maheswari, and A Avasthi, *Public Administration*, LakshmiNarain Agarwal, Agra, 2007

### **Secondary Readings**

S. Maheswari, *A Dictionary of Public Administration*, Orient Blackswan, 2009

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## **2<sup>nd</sup> SEMESTER**

### **POLITICAL THEORY-I**

#### **PAPER 201**

### **Module 1:**

#### Section A

1. Introducing Political Theory
2. Debates in Political Theory

#### Section B

1. Enlightenment and Modernity
2. Postmodernism
3. Orientalism and post-Colonial theory
4. Feminist critique of Enlightenment
5. Ecological critique

### **Module II**

#### Section A

1. Understanding Power
2. Nietzsche's theory of Will to Power
3. Foucault's concept of Power

#### Section B

1. Liberalism: Classical & Contemporary

2. Equality
3. Justice
4. Rights
5. Communitarianism
6. Multiculturalism
7. Citizenship

References:

- E. Barker, *Principles of Social & Political Theory*, Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1951.
- John Rawls, *A Theory of Justice*, The Belknap Press of Harvard University Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts, 1999.
- Harold J. Laski, *A Grammar of Politics*, HarperCollins Publishers Ltd, 5th edition 1967
- Peter Lassman & Ronald Speirs (eds.), *Weber: Political Writings* (Cambridge Texts in the History of Political Thought), Cambridge University Press, 1994.
- Michel Foucault, *Power/Knowledge: Selected Interviews and Other Writings, 1972- 1977*, Pantheon Books, New York, 1980
- J. Derrida, *Margins of Philosophy*, Harvester Wheatsheaf, 1984.
- Jacques Derrida, *Writing Difference*, Chicago University Press, Chicago, 1978.
- Jürgen Habermas, *The Structural Transformation of the Public Sphere: An Inquiry Into a Category of Bourgeois Society*, John Wiley and Sons Ltd, 1992.
- Jürgen Habermas, *The Philosophical Discourse of Modernity*, Polity, 1991.
- V.I. Lenin, *State and Revolution*, Penguin Classics, New Delhi, 1993.

## CONSTITUTIONAL POLITICS IN INDIA

### PAPER-202

#### Module I

1. Approaches to the study of Indian Politics: Historical, Cultural, Legal, Political Economy
2. Constitutionalism in India
  - a) Philosophy of the Indian Constitution: Preamble, Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy
  - b) Contemporary debates on Federalism

## Module II

1. Union Executive
2. Union Parliament
3. Judiciary
4. Basic Structure debate
5. Citizenship
6. Executive, Legislature and the Judiciary in the states
7. Electoral Process and Election Commission of India
8. Local Government/Autonomy

### References:

Partha Chatterjee (ed.), *State and Politics in India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1999.

Sumit Sarkar, *Modern India 1885- 1947*, McMillan, 1983

Shibranjan Chatterjee, *Governor's Role in the Indian Constitution*, Mittal Publications, 1992  
Shibranjan Chatterjee, *Restructuring Centre- State Relations: The Sarkaria Commission and Beyond*, Minerva, Kolkata, 1997.

B. Shiva Rao (ed.) *The Framing of the India's Constitution, A study*, IIPA, New Delhi, 1968.  
Arthur B. Keith, *A Constitutional History of India 1600- 1935* Methuen Co. Ltd., London, 1936

Granville Austin, *The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation*, Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1966

## INDIAN POLITICS & GOVERNANCE-II

### PAPER-203

## MODULE-I

### Identity Politics

- a) Caste
- b) Class
- c) Gender
- d) Tribe

### Issues

- a) Ethnicity
- b) Religion

- c) Region
- d) Language

## **MODULE II**

### **Politics of the Governed**

- a) Dalit
- b) Caste
- c) Labour
- d) Peasantry
- e) Women
- f) Environment

References:

### **Paper-204 International Relations-II( Geopolitics)**

#### **Module I**

##### **Conceptual Issues**

1. Introduction to Geopolitics
2. Global Space
3. Time and Space

#### **Module II Contemporary Geopolitics**

4. Territorial States
5. Critical Geopolitics
6. Cold War Geopolitics
7. Critical Geopolitics of the Post- Cold War

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#### **Essential Readings**

John Agnew, Revisioning World Politics, 2004  
Simon Dalby and G. O. Tuathail (eds.), Rethinking Geopolitics, 2003  
Klaus Dodds, Geopolitics: A Very Short Introduction, 2014  
Colin S. Grat, Geopolitics of Superpower, 1988  
G. O. Tuathail, Critical Geopolitics  
John Agnew, Political Geography: A Reader, 1997

**Paper-205**  
**Public Administration-II**

**Module I**

1. **Headquarters Administration and Field Administration Headquarters Administration at the State Level:** - Functions of the Secretariat Distinction between Secretariat and Directorate- Role of the Chief Secretary in State Administration.
2. **State Administration- Field Administration District unit of Field Administration:**-as the basic Law and Order Administration, Revenue Administration Development Administration and Revenue Administration –Role of the Block Development Officer in Development administration at the grass roots level.
3. **Union Administration:** - Role of the Prime Minister’s Secretary role of the Cabinet Secretary Comparison of the position of the Cabinet Secretary with that of the Prime Minister’s Secretary.

**Module II**

4. Personnel Administration in India with special reference to recruitment and training of All- India Service Officers.
5. Financial Administration in India with particular reference to process of Union Budget Making, Accounting and Auditing.
6. Redressal of Citizens grievances- Lok Pal and Lokayukta.

**Primary Readings**

S. Maheshwari, *Indian Administration*, Orient Longman , New Delhi, 1996  
Ramesh Arora, and, Rajni Goyal, *Indian Public Administration*, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 1996

**Secondary Readings**

Unique Quintessence of Indian Administration, Unique Publishers, New Delhi, 1997 Mohit Bhattacharya, *Indian Administration*, World Press, Calcutta, 2000  
Avasthi and Avasthi, *Indian Administration*, Lakshmi Narayan Agarwal, Agra, 2013

### **3<sup>RD</sup> SEMESTER**

#### **POLITICAL THEORY- II**

#### **PAPER-301**

##### Section A

1. Classical Marxism: Dialectical Materialism, Historical Materialism, Class Struggle
2. Ideology, Civil Society and the State: Marx
3. Lenin and Rosa Luxemburg

##### Section B

1. Concept of Alienation: Marx and Lukacs
2. Hegemony, Ideology and the State: Gramsci, Althusser, Poulantzas
3. Post-Marxism: Ernesto Laclau and Chantal Mouffe
4. Critical Theory: Frankfurt School

##### References:

#### **Paper-302** **- Research MethodologyI**

#### **Module I**

1. Nature of social research- individual and collective research Stages of research.

Methods of research – Deductive (Weber) and Inductive (Durkheim) reasoning data collection and designing the methods for gathering data. Questionnaire survey, interview, observation (detached and participant), use of primary sources and secondary data.

3. Applying statistics in research.

## **Module II**

1. Interpretative Approach, Ethnographic Methods, Feminist Approach.
2. Problems of social research.
3. Dissertation Writing (May be based on field studies)

### **Suggested Reading:**

David Hall & Irene Hall, *Practical Social Research: Project Work in the Community*, McMillan, London, 1996.

Kenneth D Bailey, *Methods of Social Research*, Free Press, New York, 1994.

Robert Goodin and Charles Tilly, *The Oxford companion to Contextual Political Analysis*, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2006.

David McNabb, *Research Methods for Political Science*, M.E. Sharp Inc Ltd, USA, 2010. Teresa Baker, *Doing Social Research*, McGraw- Hill, New York, 1994

L. W. Neuman, *Social Research Methods: Quantitative and Qualitative Approaches*, Pearson/Allyn and Bacon, Boston, 2006

Alan Bryman, *Social Research Methods*, Oxford University Press, New York, 2012.

Clive Seale, *Social Research Methods: A Reader*, Routledge, London, 2004.

## **Paper- 303** **Political Sociology**

### **Module I**

1. The genesis of Political Sociology- Power in its diverse manifestations in social relationships, strongest support to Liberalism offsetting the influence of Marxism.
2. Political culture, political socialization and political participation.
3. Bureaucracy as a social phenomenon.

### **Module II**

1. Political behavior, political recruitment, political parties, pressure and interest groups.
2. Legitimacy and Authority systems.
3. Development and Change.

### **Primary Reading:**

Alexis de Tocqueville, *Democracy in America*, Penguin Classics, New Delhi, 2003.

The Positive Philosophy of Auguste Comte, Translated and Condensed by Harriet Martineau Batoche Books, Kitchener, 2000.



Max Weber, *On the Categories of Interpretive Sociology*, Oxford University Press, Oxford,

## INDIAN FOREIGN POLICY: ISSUES AND CHALLENGES

### PAPER-304

#### Module-1

##### Section-1

1. The Nature of India's Foreign Policy: Domestic Factors
  - a. Historical and Geopolitical Context
  - b. Political and Ideological factors
  - c. Economic factors
  - d. Social issues
2. Evolution of Indian Foreign Policy
  - a. Cold War
  - b. NAM
  - c. End of Cold War
  - d. Emergence of bipolarity

#### Module-2

##### Section-1

1. India and her neighbors
  - a. Overview of the geopolitics of the Indian subcontinent
  - b. India and China
  - c. India and Pakistan
  - d. India and Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bhutan
  - e. Indian and Central Asia, Afghanistan

##### Section -2

1. Bilateral Relations with
  - a. USA
  - b. Russia

#### References:

- J Bandyopadhyaya, *The Making of India's Foreign Policy*, Vikas, Delhi, 2003.  
A Appadorai and MS Rajan, *India's Foreign Policy and Relations, South Asia Publishers*, New Delhi, 1988.  
Bimla Prasad, (ed.), *India's Foreign Policy: Continuity and Change*, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 1979  
Harsh Pant, (ed.), *Indian Foreign Policy in a Unipolar World*, Routledge, New York, 2009.  
Harold A. Gould and Sumit Ganguly, (eds.), *The Hope and the Reality: U.S - Indian Relations from Roosevelt to Bush*, Westview, Boulder, 1992.

SD Muni, *Understanding South Asia: Essays in the Memory of Late Prof. UrmiaaPhadnis*, South Asia, New Delhi, 1994.

C Rajamohan, *Crossing the Rubicon: The Shaping of India's New Foreign Policy*, Palgrave Macmillan, New York, 2003.

## **GENDER STUDIES**

### **PAPER-305/OE**

#### Module-I

##### Section-1

##### Key Concepts

1. Sex, Gender, Sexuality and Patriarchy
2. Sexuality, Body and Desire
3. Feminist Critique of Patriarchy

##### Varieties of Feminism

1. Liberal Feminism
2. Marxist Feminism
3. Socialist Feminism
4. Radical Feminism
5. Postmodern Feminism
6. Postcolonial Feminism

#### MODULE-II

1. Gender and Development
2. Gender and Violence
3. Women and legal reforms in India

#### References:

##### **Essential Readings**

Agnes, Flavia, 'Dowry murders and suicides in judicial discourse' in Nirmala Banerjee et al (eds.) *Mapping the Field*, Stree, Kolkata, 2012.

Agnes, Flavia, *A Study of Family Courts in West Bengal*, West Bengal Commission for Women, Kolkata, 2004.

Agnes, Flavia, *Feminist Jurisprudence: Contemporary Concerns*, Majlis, Mumbai, 2003.

Agnes, Flavia, *Law and Gender Inequality: The Politics of Women's Rights in India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1999.

Basu, Srimati, "Violence against Women: Review of Recent Enactments", in Swapna Mukhopadhyay (ed.), *In the Name of Justice. Women and Law in Society*. Manohar, New Delhi, 1998.

Basu, Srimati, *She Comes to Take Her Rights: Indian Women, Property, and Propriety*, Albany, SUNY, New York, 1999.

### **Further Readings**

Agnes, Flavia, (ed.) *Negotiating Spaces: Legal Domains, Gender Concerns and Community Constructs*, Oxford University Press India, New Delhi, 2012. Anand, A.S., *Justice for Women- Concerns and Expressions* Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., Delhi, 1987

Dasgupta, Shamita, & Kapoor Anuradha, *Intimate Peril: Domestic Violence against wives in West Bengal*, Swayam, 2011.

Desai, A.R., *Women's Liberation and Politics of Religious Personal Laws in India*, C.G. Shah Memorial Trust, Bombay, 1986

Diwan, Paras, *Dowry and Protection to Married Women*, Deep and Deep Publication, New Delhi, 1995.

## **Human Rights 306/OE**

### **Unit I Major Perspectives**

1. Major perspectives on human rights – philosophical, legal, and political
2. The United Nations and the Universal Declaration of Human Rights – Civil and Political Rights – Economic, Social and Cultural Rights – cultural relativism
3. Human Rights protection mechanisms in international law – the concept of sovereignty

### **Unit II Major issues**

4. Human Rights of Women
5. Human Rights of Children
6. Crimes against Humanity and Genocide
7. Truth Commissions

### **Essential Readings**

Olivier D Schutter, *International Human Rights Law*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2010.

Brian Orend, *Human Rights: Concept and Context*, Broadview Press Ltd, Canada, 2002.

J. L Holzgrefe, and R. O. Keohane (Ed.), *Humanitarian Intervention: Ethical, Legal and Political Dilemma*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2003.

### **Suggested Readings**

Catriona McKinnon, (ed), *Issues in Political Theory*, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2012.

Darren Jo Byrre, *Human Rights*, Longman, London, 2003

Chiranjivi J. Nirmal (ed.), Human *Rights in India: Historical, Social and Political Perspectives*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2000.

Stephen Hopgood, *The Endtimes of Human Rights*, Cornell University Press, USA, 2013.

Charles Webel, Johan Galtung, *Handbook of Peace and Conflict Studies*, Routledge, USA and Canada, 2007.

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Amaia Sanchez- Cacicedo, *Building States, Building Peace*, Palgrave Macmillan, London, 2014.

**4<sup>th</sup> Semester**

**Paper- 401-**  
**Research Methodology-II**

**Module I**

1. Hypothesis.
2. Methods of data collection
3. Internet and electronic sources of research

**Module II**

1. Research design
2. Primary and Secondary sources.
3. Research ethics, Problems of plagiarism in research

**Suggested Reading:**

David Hall & Irene Hall, *Practical Social Research: Project Work in the Community*, McMillan, London, 1996.

Kenneth D Bailey, *Methods of Social Research*, Free Press, New York, 1994.

Robert Goodin and Charles Tilly, *The Oxford companion to Contextual Political Analysis*, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2006.

David McNabb, *Research Methods for Political Science*, M.E. Sharp Inc Ltd, USA, 2010. Teresa Baker, *Doing Social Research*, McGraw- Hill, New York, 1994

L. W. Neuman, *Social Research Methods: Quantitative and Qualitative Approaches*, Pearson/Allyn and Bacon, Boston, 2006

Alan Bryman, *Social Research Methods*, Oxford University Press, New York, 2012.

Clive Seale, *Social Research Methods: A Reader*, Routledge, London, 2004.

**Paper 402**  
**Comparative Politics**

**Module I (Foundations)**

1. **From Comparative Government to Comparative Politics:** - Princeton University and MIT Volumes and the founders, why this new sub- discipline?
2. **Structural- Functionalism-** The political system- capabilities of Political systems, the structure and culture, the functional aspects of political systems

3. **Types of Political Systems:-** Primitive, Traditional, Modern Democratic, Authoritarian.

## **Module II (Concepts, Principles, Functions and development of political systems)**

1. Interest Articulation and Interest Aggregation.
2. Communication Function.
3. Comparison of modern political systems, System development problems.

### **Primary Reading:**

Gabriel A. Almond and G.B. Powell, *Comparative Politics Today: A World View*, Pearson Education, Delhi, 2005.

Gabriel Almond and Sidney Verba, *The Civic Culture*, Princeton University Press, Princeton, 1963, especially chapters 1, 5- 6, 13 (1, 6, 7, 15 in hardback edition).

G.A. Almond and J.S. Coleman (eds.), *The Politics of the Developing Areas*, Princeton University Press, Princeton, 1960.

### **Paper-403 Media Studies**

1. Principles of Mass Communication
2. Development of Media
3. Print Media-I (Reporting and Editing)
4. Electronic Media (Radio and Television)
5. Advertising and Public Relations/Corporate Communication

### **Module-II**

1. Development Communication
2. Communication Research
3. Media Law and Ethics
4. International Communication
5. Media Management

### **References**

- 1) Denis McQuail: McQuail's Communication Theory; 4th, 5th and 6th Edition.
- (2) John Fiske: Introduction to Communication Studies; Routledge.
- (3) Abir Chattopadhyay: Communication, Media and Cultural Studies; Progressive Publishers.
- (4) Arvind Singhal: Communication for Innovation; Sage.
- (5) Abir Chattopadhyay: Jnapontatwo O Sankriti; Progressive Publishers.
- (6) Edward S. Herman and Noam Chomsky: Manufacturing Consent; Vintage.
- (7) Rogers Everett: Communication Technology: The News Media in Society, Collier-Macmillan. 12 London, 1988.
- (8) Baran and Davis, Mass Communication Theory, Indian Edition, (South West Coengate

**Paper-404**  
**Politics in West Bengal**

**Module I**

1. **Bhadralok tradition of Bengal Politics:** - an analysis of the factors contributing to this tradition, the social profile of the three main Political Parties- the Congress, the Trinamul Congress and the CPI (M).
2. **Bengal administration for the past seven decades:** - Chief features- Congress rule, Left Front rule and Trinamul Congress rule.
3. Role of Caste, Ethnicity, Religion and Intellectuals in Bengal Politics

**Module II**

1. Land Reforms, Decentralization, Political empowerment of SC, ST and Women.
2. Naxalism and CPI (ML)- 1967 to 1972- 73
3. Nature of Political Leadership in Bengal Politics – B.C. Roy, S.S. Ray Jyoti Basu, Mamata Banerjee.

**Primary Reading:**

Marcus F. Franda, *Radical Politics in West Bengal*, Cambridge, M.I.T. Press, 1971.  
Nitish K. Sengupta, *Dr. Bidhan Chandra Roy: Builders of Modern India*, Publications Division, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Govt. of India, 2002.  
Suravi Banerjee, *Jyoti Basu, the Authorized Biography*, Penguin Books New Delhi, 1997.  
Dola Mitra, *Decoding Didi: Making Sense of Mamata Banerjee*, Rupa Publications, Kolkata, 2014.

**Secondary Reading:** Ashish K. Roy, *Spring Thunder and After*, Calcutta, Minerva Associates, 1975

Uday Chandra, Geir Heierstad & Kenneth Bo Nielsen, *The Politics of Caste in West Bengal* (Exploring the Political in South Asia), Routledge India, 2015

Sekhar Bandyopadhyay, *Caste, Protest and Identity: The Namasudras of Colonial Bengal, 1872- 1947* (second edition). Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2011

Partha Chatterjee, *The Present History of West Bengal: Essays in Political Criticism*. Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1998

Sarbani Bandyopadhyay, 'Caste and Politics in Bengal', *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. XLVII, 15 December 2012.

**Paper-405**  
**Dissertation**

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